

MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

30 SEPTEMBER 2011

II ERNST & YOUNG

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL CENTRE MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Trinidad and Tobago International Financial Centre Management Company Limited (the "Company") which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 September 2011, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatements whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatements.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate for the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as of 30 September 2011 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Port of Spain.
TRINIDAD:

Ernst + Your

11 July 2012

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2011

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

	Notes	2011	Restated 2010
ASSETS			
Cash at hand and bank Property and equipment	4	4,054,252 <u>344,840</u>	6,095,339 438,831
Total assets		<u>4,399,092</u>	<u>6,534,170</u>
LIABILITIES			
Other liabilities Taxes payable Deferred tax liability Deferred operating grants	5 6 7	3,716,028 322,263 48,711 	3,223,764 200,779 19,964 3,233,187
Total liabilities		<u>4,687,508</u>	<u>6,677,694</u>
EQUITY			
Share capital Retained deficit Total equity	8	100 (288,516) (288,416)	100 _(143,624) _(143,524)
Total liabilities and equity		4,399,092	<u>6,534,170</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 11 July 2012.

: Director

: Director

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011 (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

	Notes	2011	Restated 14 Months 2010
Revenues			
Operating grants released to the statement of comprehensive income Interest income	7	5,132,681 5,339	21,766,713 82,930
Total revenues		5,138,020	21,849,643
Expenditures			
Administrative expenses	9	(5,132,681)	(21,766,713)
Net operating income		5,339	82,930
Finance costs			(5,811)
Income before taxation		5,339	77,119
Taxation expense	6	(150,231)	(220,743)
Loss for the period after taxation		(144,892)	(143,624)
Other comprehensive income			
Total comprehensive loss for the period		(144,892)	(143,624)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011 (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

	Share capital	Retained deficit	Total equity
Shares issued	100	_	100
Comprehensive loss for the period - restated		(143,624)	(143,624)
Balance at 30 September 2010 - restated	100	(143,624)	(143,524)
Comprehensive loss for the period	**************************************	<u>(144,892</u>)	(144,892)
Balance at 30 September 2011	<u> 100</u>	<u>(288,516</u>)	<u>(288,416</u>)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011 (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

	2011	Restated 14 Months 2010
Cash flows from operating activities		
Income before taxation	5,339	77,119
Adjustments for:		
Operating grants released to the statement of comprehensive income	(5,132,681)	(21,766,713)
Depreciation	98,575	41,566
Operating losses before working capital changes	(5,028,767)	(21,648,028)
Increase in other liabilities	492,264	3,223,764
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(4,536,503)	(18,424,264)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property and equipment	<u>(4,584)</u>	(480,397)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(4,584)	(480,397)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Shares issued	_	100
Funding received from the government	2,500,000	24,999,900
Net cash flows from financing activities	2.500,000	25,000,000
Net (decrease)/increase in cash at hand and bank	(2,041,087)	<u>6,095,339</u>
Cash at hand and bank at beginning of year	6,095,339	eus.
Cash at hand and bank at end of year	<u>4,054,252</u>	<u>6,095,339</u>
Represented by:		
Petty cash	2,500	2,000
Cash at bank	4,051,752	6,093.339
	4,054,252	6,095,339

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011 (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

1. Company information

Trinidad and Tobago International Financial Centre Management Company Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago under the Companies Act 1995 on 6 November 2008. The Company started activities on 21 August 2009 and was established to manage the implementation and operations of the Trinidad and Tobago International Financial Centre. Its registered office is at 7th Floor Tower C, International Waterfront Centre, Wrightson Road, Port of Spain.

2. Significant accounting policies

a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis and are expressed in Trinidad and Tobago dollars.

b) Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the IASB.

c) Accounting period

In the prior period, these financial statements were prepared for the fourteen (14) month period ending 30 September 2010 since the Company commenced activities on 21 August 2009, and no financial statements were prepared for the two (2) month period ended 30 September 2009. The financial statements will be prepared annually as at 30 September from 2011 onwards.

d) Accounting policies and disclosures

i) New accounting policies adopted

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Company's financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Company's financial statements for the 14 months ended 30 September 2010 except for the standards and interpretations noted below:

IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements (effective 1 January 2010)

The terms of a liability that could at anytime result in its settlement by the issuance of equity instruments at the option of the counterparty do not affect its classification. The adoption of this standard had no effect on the financial position or performance of the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011 (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars) (Continued)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

d) Accounting policies and disclosures (continued)

i) New accounting policies adopted (continued)

IAS 7 - Statement of Cash Flows (effective 1 January 2010)

Only expenditure that results in a recognized asset can be classified as a cash flow from investing activities. The adoption of this standard had no effect on the financial position or performance of the Company.

ii) New accounting policies not adopted

The Company has not adopted the following new and revised IFRS and IFRIC interpretations that have been issued as these standards/interpretations do not apply to the activities of the Company:

IFRS 1	-	First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards - Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters (Amendments) (effective 1 January 2010)
IFRS 1	-	First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards - Limited Exemption from Comparative IFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters (effective 1 July 2010)
IFRS 2	-	Share-based payment: Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions (effective 1 January 2010)
IFRS 5	-	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations (effective 1 January 2010)
IFRS 8 LAS 17	-	Operating Segments (effective 1 January 2010) Leases (effective 1 January 2010)
IAS 32	-	Financial Instruments: Presentation - Classification of Rights Issues (Amendment) (Effective 1 February 2010)
IAS 36	-	Impairment of Assets (effective 1 January 2010)
IAS 39	-	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (effective

Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments

January 2010)

(Effective 1 July 2010)

IFRIC 19 -

1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011 (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars) (Continued)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

d) Accounting policies and disclosures (continued)

iii) Standards issued but not yet effective

The Company has not early adopted the following new and revised IFRS and IFRIC interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective. The Company is currently assessing the impact of these standards and interpretations.

IFRS 1	-	First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards (Amendment) - Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters (effective 1 July 2011)
IFRS 7	_	Financial Instruments: Disclosures - Enhanced Derecognition Disclosure Requirements (effective 1 July 2011)
IFRS 9	-	Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement (effective 1 January 2013)
IFRS 10	-	Consolidated Financial Statements, IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements (effective 1 January 2013)
IFRS 11	-	Joint Arrangements, IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (effective 1 January 2013)
IFRS 12	-	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities (effective 1 January 2013)
IFRS 13	-	Fair Value Measurement (effective 1 January 2013)
IAS 1	-	Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income - Amendments to IAS 1 (effective 1 July 2012)
IAS 12	-	Income Taxes - Recovery of Underlying Assets (effective 1 January 2012)
IAS 19	_	Employee Benefits (Revised) (effective 1 January 2013)
IAS 24	~	Related Party Disclosures (effective 1 January 2011)
IFRIC 14	-	Prepayments of a minimum funding requirement (effective 1 January 2011)

Improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards (issued 2010)

The International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) issued the "Improvements to IFRSs" which is part of its annual improvement project and a vehicle for making non-urgent but necessary amendments to various IFRSs. These amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011 unless otherwise stated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011 (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars) (Continued)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

d) Accounting policies and disclosures (continued)

Improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards (issued 2010) (continued)

The following shows the IFRSs and topics addressed by the amendments.

IFRS		Subject of amendment
IAS 1	-	Presentation of Financial Statements
IAS 27	-	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
IAS 34	-	Interim Financial Reporting
IFRS 1	_	First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
IFRS 3		Business Combinations
IFRS 7	-	Financial Instruments: Disclosures
IFRIC 13	-	Customer Loyalty Programmes

e) Cash at hand and bank

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at hand, deposits held at call with banks, deposits with maturity dates which are within three (3) months when acquired and investment in money market instruments, net of bank overdrafts.

f) Property and equipment

Property and equipment other than freehold land and buildings are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method at the following rates which are estimated to write off the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives.

25%
20%
10%
33.33%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011 (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars) (Continued)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

g) Taxation

Current income tax

Current income taxes are accounted for on the basis of tax effect accounting using the liability method. The provision for current income taxes is based on estimated taxable income. This provision excludes the tax effects of certain timing differences when there is reasonable evidence that these timing differences will not reverse from some considerable time ahead and there is no indication that, after this period, these timing differences are likely to reverse.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, except for differences relating to the initial recognition of assets or liabilities which affect neither accounting nor taxable profit.

Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

h) Foreign currency transactions

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are expressed in Trinidad and Tobago dollars at rates of exchange ruling on the statement of financial position date. All revenue and expenditure transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at mid-exchange rates and the resulting profits and losses on exchange from these trading activities are dealt with in the statement of comprehensive income.

i) Government grants

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognized as income over the period necessary to match the grant on a systematic basis to the cost that it is intended to compensate. Where the grant relates to an asset, it is recognized as deferred income and released to income in equal amounts over the useful life of the related asset. There is a commitment from the Government of Trinidad and Tobago to continue funding the operations of the Trinidad and Tobago International Financial Centre Management Company Limited. Government subvention is received on a quarterly basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011 (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars) (Continued)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

j) Restatement of comparative information

The financial statements for the fourteen (14) month period ended 30 September 2010 have been restated to account for withholding taxes paid to foreign consultants as well as the related interest and penalties. The amounts due in the previous year are \$1,576,956 in withholding taxes and \$714,920 in interest and penalties.

3. Significant accounting judgement, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

4. Property and equipment

	Office equipment	Motor vehicles	Total 2011	Total 2010
Cost				
At beginning of period	20,922	459,475	480,397	_
Additions	4,584	_	4,584	480,397
Disposals	_			=
At end of period	25,506	<u>459,475</u>	484,981	480,397
Accumulated depreciation				
At beginning of period	3,276	38,290	41,566	_
Depreciation	6,680	91,895	98,575	41,566
Disposal			-	
At end of period	<u>9,956</u>	130.185	140,141	41,566
Net book value	<u>15,550</u>	<u>329,290</u>	344,840	438,831

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011 (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars) (Continued)

5. Other liabilities

	2011	2010
Withholding taxes payable	1,687,615	1,576,956
Penalties and interest payable	1,161,864	714,920
Salaries payable	741,902	789,850
Accounting fees payable	58,400	65,000
Audit fees payable	60,000	35,000
Security costs	6,247	42,038
Total other liabilities	<u>3,716,028</u>	<u>3,223,764</u>

Included in other liabilities is a provision for expenses in respect of employment contracts entered into by the Company. This provision is recognised based on management's estimate of the expected costs of the applicable agreements entered into by the Company.

6. Taxation

	2011	2010
Deferred tax liability – fixed assets		
Deferred tax brought forward Deferred tax expense	19,964 28,747	
Deferred tax carried forward	48,711	<u>19,964</u>
Taxation expense		
Corporation tax Deferred tax expense Green fund levy	116,988 28,747 <u>4,496</u>	178,929 19,964 21,850
Taxation expense	<u> 150,231</u>	220,743

As at 30 September 2011, there was no legislation enacted which exempts the Company from paying income tax.

The Company is exempted from paying business levy tax for a three year period from the registration of the business. However it is subject to Green Fund Levy of 0.1% of gross revenue.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011 (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars) (Continued)

7. Deferred operating grants

	2011	2010
Opening balance Funds received from the Government of Trinidad and Tobago Amounts transferred to statement of comprehensive income	3,233,187 2,500,000 (5,132,681)	24,999,900 (21,766,713)
Deferred operating grants	600,506	<u>3,233,187</u>
8. Share capital Authorised: Unlimited ordinary shares of no par value	2011	2010
Issued and paid: 10 ordinary shares @ \$10 each	100	100
9. Administrative expenses		
•	2011	2010
Salaries Withholding tax Penalty and interest Consultancy fees Marketing and advertising Recruitment costs Director fees Security Legal and professional fees Office expenses Insurance Depreciation Accounting fees Audit fees Telephone expenses Janitorial services Travel expenses Meals and entertainment	2,783,076 110,658 450,640 649,040 38,780 47,840 223,149 151,195 214,539 24,146 36,809 98,575 83,640 61,915 41,604 28,246 27,403 22,164	2,592,947 1,576,957 717,393 12,934,415 2,370,163 540,221 439,536 223,267 140,160 61,834 47,702 41,566 — 35,000 28,742 8,125 — 4,237
Balance carried forward	5.093,419	21,762,265

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011 (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars) (Continued)

10. Administrative expenses (continued)

	2011	2010
Balance brought forward	5,093,419	21,762,265
Seminars and conferences	15,009	3,273
Bank charges	9,778	_
Repairs and maintenance	1,871	1,175
Motor vehicle expenses	12,604	ever-
Total administrative expense	_5,132,681	21,766,713

11. Contingent liabilities

There were legal proceedings against the Company which arose subsequent to year end. Professional advice indicates that it is uncertain whether any significant loss will arise or that it would be premature at this stage of the action to determine the eventuality.

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